

Unit Five

1. Verb Patterns:

1	Verb + <i>to</i> + infinitive They want to buy a new car. I'd like to go abroad.
2	Verb + <i>-ing</i> Everyone loves going to parties. He finished reading his book.
3	Verb + <i>-ing</i> or + <i>to</i> + infinitive with no change in meaning It began to rain/raining . I continued to work/working in the library.
4	Verb + preposition + <i>-ing</i> We're thinking of moving house. I'm looking forward to having more free time.

VERB PATTERNS	
Verb + <i>-ing</i>	
like	swimming
love	
enjoy	cooking
hate	
finish	
stop	

Note
We often use the verb *go* + *-ing* for sports and activities.
I **go swimming** everyday.
I **go shopping** at the weekend.

5.2 like doing and would like to do	
1 <i>Like doing</i> and <i>love doing</i> express a general enjoyment. I like working as a teacher. = I am a teacher and I enjoy it. I love dancing . = This is one of my hobbies.	
2 <i>Would like to do</i> and <i>would love to do</i> express a preference now or at a specific time. I'd like to be a teacher. = When I grow up, I want to be a teacher. Thank you. I'd love to dance . = We're at a disco. I'm pleased that you asked me.	
Question	Short answer
Would you like to dance?	Yes, I would./Yes, I'd love to.
Would you like to come for a walk?	Yes, I would./No, thank you.

Exercise: Making questions. Complete the questions.

1 A I hope to go to university.

B (What/want/study?)

2 A One of my favorite hobbies is cooking.

B (What/like/make?)

3 A I get terrible headaches.

B (When/start/get/them?)

4 A We're planning our summer holidays at the moment.

B (Where/think/go?)

5 A I'm tired.

B (What/like/do/tonight?)

2. Future Tense: Will & going to

Will: will + infinitive without to, it's a modal auxiliary verb.

The forms of will are the same for all person (subject).

Positive and negative		
I He/She/It We/You/They	'll (will) won't	come. help you. invite Tom.
Question		
When will	he you they	help me?
Short answer		
Will you help me?	Yes, I will.	

Will is used:

- 1 to express a future decision or intention made *at the moment of speaking*.

'It's Jane's birthday.' 'Is it? I'll **buy** her some flowers.'

I'll **give** you my phone number.

'Which do you want? The blue or the red?'

'I'll **take** the red, thank you.'

- 2 to express an offer.

I'll **carry** your suitcase.

We'll **do** the washing-up.

Going to: am/is/are + going to+ inf.

Positive and negative

I	'm (am) 'm not	going to work.
He She It	's (is) isn't	
We You They	're (are) aren't	

Question

When	am	I	going to arrive?
	is	he she it	
	are	we you they	

Short answer

Are they going to get married?	Yes, they are./No, they aren't.
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Going to is used:

- 1 to express a future decision, intention, or plan made *before* the moment of speaking.

How long **are they going to stay** in Rome?
She **isn't going to have** a birthday party.

Note

The Present Continuous can be used in a similar way for a plan or arrangement, particularly with the verbs *go* and *come*.

She's **coming** on Friday.
I'm **going** home early tonight.

- 2 when we can see or feel now that something is certain to happen in the future.

Look at these clouds! It's **going to rain**.
Watch out! That box is **going to fall**.

Exercise: Choose the correct verb form.

1 'My bag is so heavy.'

'Give it to me. I **will** carry / I'm **going to** carry it for you.'

2 I bought some warm boots because I **will** go / I'm **going** skiing.

3 'Tony's back from holiday.'

'Is he? I **will** give / I'm **going to** give him a ring.'

4 'What are you doing tonight?'

'We'll see / we're **going to** see a play at the theatre.'

5 You can tell me your secret. I **won't** tell / I'm not **going** to tell anyone.

6 Congratulations! I hear you'll get married / you're **going** to get married.

7 'I need to post these letters.'

'I'll go/ I I'm **going** shopping soon. I **will** post / I'm **going** to post them for you.'

8 'Now, holidays. Where **will** you go / are you **going** this year?'

'We don't know yet.'

will or going to?

Look at the use of *will* and *going to* in these sentences.

I'm **going to make** a chicken casserole for dinner.

(I decided this morning and bought everything for it.)

What shall I cook for dinner? Er ... I know! I'll **make** chicken casserole! That's a good idea!

(I decided at the moment of speaking.)

3. Hot Verbs: have, go, and come

I have new for you. You'll go far. I'm going crazy. Every dream can come true.

Exercise: Put have, go, or come into each word.

-----An accident	-----And see me	-----A meeting
-----First in a race	-----A cold	-----shopping
-----Out for a meal	-----wrong	-----abroad