

Some and Any

We use **SOME** and **ANY** with **plural nouns** and **uncountable nouns**.

نستخدم some و any مع الاسماء **الجمع غير المعدودة**.

Some is generally used in **positive** sentences. **مع الجمل المثبتة**.

Any is generally used in **negative** sentences. **مع الجمل المنفية**.

- I have **some information** for you about flights to Paris.
- (Positive - Uncountable)
- I don't have **any information** for you about flights to Paris.
- (Negative - Uncountable)
- We met **some friends** for drinks after work yesterday.
- (Positive - Plural Countable)
- I didn't see **any friends** there on Thursday.
- (Negative - Plural Countable)
- I think he will have **some time** to speak to you today.
- (Positive - Uncountable)
- I don't think he will have **any time** to speak to you today.
- (Negative - Uncountable)

Questions with Some and Any

طريقة الاستفهام ب Some , Any

Generally, we use **ANY** in questions. **عموماً نستخدم any مع الاسئلة**.

- Do you know **any** famous people?
- Do you have **any** children?

But, **SOME** is used in the following circumstances: **لكن نستخدم some**

1. When we are offering something. **عندما نقدم شيء ما**

- Would you like **some coffee**?
- Do you want **some sugar** for your coffee?

2. When we are asking for something. **عندما نطلب شيء ما**

- Could I have **some salt**, please?

- Can I have **some fries** with that?

3. When we are suggesting something. عندما نقترح شيء ما.

- Why don't we watch **some movies** on TV tonight?
- Why don't you give her **some advice**?

There is and There are

نستخدم there is و there are لقول انه يوجد شي هناك

Positive Sentences الجمل المثبتة

We use **there is** for *singular* مفرد and **there are** for *plural* الجمع.

- **There is** *one table* in the classroom.
- **There are** *three chairs* in the classroom.
- **There is** *a spider* in the bath.
- **There are** *many people* at the bus stop.

We also use **There is** with uncountable nouns الاسماء غير المعدودة

- **There is** *milk* in the fridge.
- **There is** some *sugar* on the table.
- **There is** *ice cream* on your shirt.

Contractions: الاختصار

The contraction of **there is** is **there's**.

- **There's** a good song on the radio.
- **There's** only one chocolate left in the box.

You **cannot** contract **there are**.

- **There are** nine cats on the roof.
- **There are** only five weeks until my birthday.

Negative Form النفي

The negative is formed by putting **not** after *is* or *are*:

- There is **not** a horse in the field.
- There are **not** eight children in the school.
- There is **not** a tree in the garden.
- There are **not** two elephants in the zoo.

We almost always use contractions when speaking.

The Negative contractions are: اختصارات النفي:

- There's not = There isn't
- There are not = There aren't

There aren't with ANY

When we want to indicate that a zero quantity of something exists we use **there aren't any**.

- There aren't **any** people at the party.
- There aren't **any** trees in my street.

We also use this structure with **uncountable** nouns:

- There isn't **any** *water* in the swimming pool.
- There isn't **any** *sugar* in my coffee.

Questions الاستفهام :

To form a question we place **is / are** in front of **there**.

Again we use **any** with plural questions or those which use uncountable nouns.

We also use **there is / are** in short answers.

- **Is there** a dog in the supermarket? - No, there isn't.
- **Are there** any dogs in the park? - Yes, there are.
- **Is there** a security guard in the shop? - Yes, there is.
- **Are there** any polar bears in Antarctica? - No, there aren't.
- **Is there** any ice-cream in the freezer? - Yes, there is.