ا الحرابولوجي / الافترات (على)

Practical invertebrate

wab -1 - Porifera - vier

General characteristics

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- 1- Multicellular, sessile aquatic animals.
- 2- Have single body cavity known (paragaster or spongecoel). Wholly or partially lined with specialize cell known (choanocytes).
- 3-Have three body types (Ascon, Sycon and Leucon)_ را رومن
- 4- Their body have one large opening is Osculum (exhalent pore) and many tiny pores Ostia (inhalant pores).
- 5- Their skeleton composed of <u>calcareous</u> spicules or Horney fiber.
- 6- Have two reproductive forms sexual ciliated larvae amphiblastula and asexual buds gemmules.

Phylum: Porifera		Porifera		
Class:	Calcarea	Demospongia		
Genus:	<u>Grantia</u>	نردج Spongilla	<u>Euspongia</u>	
Skeleton	Trixones spicules	Monoxones spicules	Horney fiber ¿	
Common name		1	Boring sponge Fingered sponge	
Body type	Sycon	Leucon	Leucon	

Lab-2- Cnidaria

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General characteristics

- 1- Diploblastic, radially symmetric, with specialized cell called cnidocyte.
- 2- There are two body forms the sexual form medusa and asexual form polyp.
- 3- One opening called mouth into digestive (gastrovascular) cavity.
- 4- The zygote hatch into ciliated larvae called planula larvae

Phylum:	Cnidaria	Cnidaria	Cnidaria
Class:	Hydrozoa	Hydrozoa	Hydrozoa
Order:	Calyptoblastea	Hydrida	Gymnoblastea
Genus:	<u>Obelia</u>	<u>Hydra</u>	<u>Tubularia</u>
Common name	<u>-</u> .	, NATE &	Pink mouthed pink hearted

Lab-3- Cnidaria

Phylum:	Cnidaria	Cnidaria	Cnidaria	Cnidaria
Class:	Scyphozoa	Anthozoa	Anthozoa	Anthozoa
Order:	Semaeostomeae	Alcyonaria	Actinaria	Scleractinia
Genus:	Aurelia ·	Corallium rubrum	<u>Metridium</u>	-
		Red coral	Plumose	Fungi coral
Common	jellyfish	or		brain coral
name		precious coral	anemones	hom coral

Lab-4- Platyhelminthes

General characteristics

- 1- Triploblastic, their body consist of three cell layers (ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm).
- 2- Acoelomate animals, don't have body cavity.
- 3- Bilateral symmetry.
- 4- They have complex tissue organs (nervous system and digestive system).
- 5- They have specialize cell called flame cells as excretory system.
- 6- They are hermaphrodite except one genus.
- 7- They have one body opening known mouth.

Phylum	Platyhelminthes	Platyhelminthes	Platyhelminthes	Platyhelminthes	Platyhelminthes
Class	Turbellaria	Trematoda	Trematoda	Cestoda	Cestoda
Order	Tricladida	Digenea	Digenea	Eucestoda	Eucestoda
Genus	<u>Planaria</u>	Fasciola hepatica	Schistosoma	Taenia saginata	Echinococcus granulosis
Common		liver fluke or sheep liver fluke	blood fluke or bilharzia	beef tapeworms	dog tapeworm or hydatid worms
Disease	free living	fascioliasis	schistosomiasis		hydatid disease or cysticechinococcus
ntermediate host	·	snail	snail	muscles of livestock animals	live stock animals & human
Final host	() () () () () () () () () ()	bile ducts of human, sheep & cattle	Blood vessels of human	intestine of human	small intestine of dogs canids & others
Infective stage		metacercaria	cercaria	cysticercus	eggs or cysticercus

Lab-5- Nematoda

General characteristics

- 1- Triploblastic, their body consist of three cell layers (ectoderm, mesoderm and endoderm) and have cuticle layer.
- 2- Pseudo coelomate animals.
- 3- The have cylindrical body with two opening mouth and anus.
- 4- They are separate sexes male and female.

Phylum	Nematoda	Nematoda	Nematoda	Nematoda
Class	Adenophorea	Secernentea	Secernentea	Secernentea
Order	Trichurata	Rhabditia	Ascaridida	Strongylida
Genus	Trichinella spiralis	Rhabditis	Ascaris lumbricoides	Ancylostoma duodenale
Common name	pork worm		giant round worm	hook worm
Disease	trichinosis		ascariasis	,
Host	small intestine of human, pigs, cats & rats	infective of plant & animal	small intestine of human	small intestine of human, cats & dogs
Infective stage	nurse cell larvae		eggs	filariform larvae

Lab-6- Annelida

General characteristics

- 1- cylindrical long worms.
- 2- their body segmented into similar segments.
- 3- they have nephridia.
- 4- they have true coelomate.
- 5- they are hermaphrodite.

Phylum	Annelida	Annelida	Annelida
Class	Polychaeta	Oligochaeta	Hirudina
Genus	<u>Neries</u>	Lumbricus	<u>Hirudo</u> medicinalis
Common	sand worm	earth worm	leech
Host	free living	free living	exoparasite on fish, human and other invertebrate

Lab-7- Arthropoda

General characteristics

- 1- Bilateral symmetry body and consist of three region cephalon, thorax and abdomen.
- 2- Their body have outer segmented hard exoskeleton carapace.
- 3- They have simple and compound eyes and pairs of touch sensors antenna and antennules. and have jointed flexibility and movement appendages.
- 4- They have open circulatory system and respiration by tracheae or book lungs and execration by malpighain tubule or nephridia. Separate sexes and parthenogenesis.

Phylum	Arthropoda	Arthropoda	Arthropoda	Arthropoda
Subphylum	Mandibulata	Mandibulata	Mandibulata	Mandibulata
Class	Crustacea	Crustacea	Crustacea	Crustacea
Subclass	Branchiopoda	Branchiopoda	Ostracoda	Copepoda
Order	Anostraca	Cladocera	Podocopa	Cyclopedia
Genus	Artemia	<u>Daphnia</u>	<u>Cypris</u>	Cyclops
Common name	brine shrimp	water fleas	seed shrimp	water fleas

Lab-8-

Phylum	Arthropoda	Arthropoda	Arthropoda	. Arthropoda
Subphylum	Mandibulata	Mandibulata	Mandibulata	Mandibulata
Class	Crustacea	Crustacea	Crustacea	Crustacea
Subclass	Cirripedia	Cirripedia	Malacostraca	Malacostraca
Order	Thoracica	Thoracica	Decapoda	Decapoda
Genus	Lepas	Balanus	Penaeus	sesarma
Common name	Ela es , - a	-	shrimp	crab

Lab-9-

Phylum	Arthropoda	Arthropoda	Arthropoda
Subphylum	Mandibulata	Mandibulata	Chelicerata
Class	Chilopoda	Diplopoda	Arachnida
Subclass	-	-	-
Order	-	<u> </u>	Scorpionida
Genus	Scolopendra	<u>Julus</u>	<u>Buthus</u>
.Common name	centipedes	millipedes	scorpion

Lab-10- Mollusca

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General characteristics

- 1- Triploblastic animals.
- 2- They have true coclomate.
- 3- Their body consist of head, foot and visceral hump.
- 4- Their almost genera covered with shell.
- 5- Hermaphrodite.

Phylum	Mollusca	Mollusca
Class	Gastropoda	lamillibranchiata
Order	Pulmonata	Eulamillibranchiata
Genus	<u>Helix</u>	<u>Anodonta</u>

Echinodermata

General characteristics

- 1- Marine animals, without head, radial symmetrical with five arms in almost genera.
- 2- Their body have two sides oral surface contain mouth and aboral surface contain madreporite and separate sexes in almost.
- 3- Their have water vascular system, true coelomate.

Phylum: Echinodermata

Class: Asteroidea

Order: Forcipulata

Genus: Asterias (starfish)