

# Acetic Acid Determination in Vinegar

Acid-Base Titration Method

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## Background Theory

- • Vinegar contains Acetic Acid ( $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ )
- • Glacial Acetic Acid = pure anhydrous form (freezes at  $16.6\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )
- • Weak acid ( $K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$ ) titrated against strong base ( $\text{NaOH}$ )

## Sample Preparation

- 1. Pipette 10 mL of unknown vinegar
- 2. Dilute to 100 mL in volumetric flask
- 3. Shake well before titration

## Titration Procedure

- 1. Transfer 10 mL of prepared solution
- 2. Add 2 drops of phenolphthalein
- 3. Fill burette with 0.1 N NaOH
- 4. Titrate until faint pink endpoint

## Calculation Example

- If 30 mL of 0.2 N NaOH were used:
- $\%w/v = (N \times V \times \text{Eq.Wt} \times 100) / \text{Sample Volume}$
- Phenolphthalein chosen as equivalence  
 $\text{pH} \approx 8.7$